

AUDITED FINANCIAL REPORT 2025
YAYASAN PEDULI ANAK INDONESIA



YAYASAN PEDULI ANAK

**Financial Statements
As Of December 31, 2025
And For The Year Then Ended
With Independent Auditor's Report
(Indonesian Currency)**



YAYASAN PEDULI ANAK
Financial Statements
As Of December 31, 2025
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**BOARD OF EXECUTIVE'S STATEMENT LETTER
RELATING TO THE
RESPONSIBILITY ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2025
AND FOR THE YEAR THEN ENDED
YAYASAN PEDULI ANAK**

I, the undersigned:

Name	: Nurdiana
Office address	: Jl. Dharma Bakti, Langko Village, Kec. Lingsar, West Lombok
Domicile address as stated in ID card	: Jl. Ragi Genep, GG. Dahlia, No. 26, Banjar, Kec. Ampenan, Mataram
Phone number	: +62 817-0944-892
Position	: Chairman

state that:

1. I am responsible for the preparation and presentation of the financial statements of Yayasan Peduli Anak (the "Foundation");
2. The Foundation's financial statements have been prepared and presented in accordance with Indonesian Financial Accounting Standards;
3. a. All information contained in the Foundation's financial statements has been completely and properly disclosed;
b. The Foundation's financial statements do not contain any misleading material information or facts, and do not omit material information or facts;
4. I am responsible for the Foundation's internal control system.

This statement letter is made truthfully.

West Lombok, June 12, 2026
For and on behalf of the Board of Executives:



Nurdiana
Director

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report No. 00144/Z.0961/AJ.1/11/0628-8/1/VI/2026

To the Boards of Governors and Executives, and Supervisory
Yayasan Peduli Anak

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Yayasan Peduli Anak (the "Foundation"), which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2025, and the statement of activities and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Foundation as of December 31, 2025, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with Indonesian Financial Accounting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing established by the Indonesian Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements paragraph of our report. We are independent of the Foundation in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Indonesia, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Indonesian Financial Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Foundation's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Foundation or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Foundation's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Foundation's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Foundation's ability to continue as a going concern; if we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Foundation to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

**REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
MORHAN DAN REKAN**

Morhan Tirtonadi, CPA
Public Accountant Registration No. AP. 0628

June 12, 2026



YAYASAN PEDULI ANAK
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
December 31, 2025
(Expressed in Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	2,4,11,12	705,754,835	573,530,181
Prepaid tax	8a	1,753,056	1,409,360
Prepaid expense		52,642,955	42,849,050
Total Current Assets		760,150,846	617,788,591
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Fixed assets - net	2,5	48,017,763,364	43,518,566,869
Restricted funds	2,6,11,12	110,000,000	100,000,000
Total Non-Current Assets		48,127,763,364	43,618,566,869
TOTAL ASSETS		48,887,914,210	44,236,355,460
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS			
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Other payable - third party	11,12	-	1,196,286,375
Accrued expenses	2,7,11,12	217,831,771	140,120,826
Tax payable	8b	960,648	11,930
TOTAL LIABILITIES		218,792,419	1,336,419,131
NET ASSETS			
Net assets with restrictions	2	15,342,192,227	13,233,934,424
Net assets without restrictions	2	33,326,929,564	29,666,001,905
TOTAL NET ASSETS		48,669,121,791	42,899,936,329
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		48,887,914,210	44,236,355,460

See accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements
which are an integral part of the financial statements.

YAYASAN PEDULI ANAK
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
For The Year Ended
December 31, 2025
(Expressed in Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2025</u>		
		<u>Without Restrictions</u>	<u>With Restrictions</u>	<u>Total</u>
REVENUES				
Contributions and donations	2,9	4,395,039,968	14,604,833,753	18,999,873,721
Interest income	2	6,439,459	-	6,439,459
Gain on sale of fixed assets	5	8,065,000	-	8,065,000
TOTAL REVENUES		4,409,544,427	14,604,833,753	19,014,378,180
EXPENSES	2,10	(748,616,768)	(12,496,575,950)	(13,245,192,718)
INCREASE IN NET ASSETS		3,660,927,659	2,108,257,803	5,769,185,462
NET ASSETS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR		29,666,001,905	13,233,934,424	42,899,936,329
NET ASSETS AT THE END OF THE YEAR		33,326,929,564	15,342,192,227	48,669,121,791

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2024</u>		
		<u>Without Restrictions</u>	<u>With Restrictions</u>	<u>Total</u>
REVENUES				
Contributions and donations	2,9	4,458,915,834	22,638,869,317	27,097,785,151
Interest income	2	6,594,854	-	6,594,854
TOTAL REVENUES		4,465,510,688	22,638,869,317	27,104,380,005
EXPENSES	2,10	(722,042,185)	(12,386,858,780)	(13,108,900,965)
INCREASE IN NET ASSETS		3,743,468,503	10,252,010,537	13,995,479,040
NET ASSETS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR		25,922,533,402	2,981,923,887	28,904,457,289
NET ASSETS AT THE END OF THE YEAR		29,666,001,905	13,233,934,424	42,899,936,329

See accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements which are an integral part of the financial statements.

YAYASAN PEDULI ANAK
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
For The Year Ended
December 31, 2025
(Expressed in Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM (FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Cash receipts from contributions and donations	18,999,873,721	27,145,275,930
Cash payments for employees and other operating expenses	(12,011,243,783)	(10,302,222,656)
Interest received	6,439,459	6,594,854
Interest paid	(17,397,422)	(6,519,157)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	<u>6,977,671,975</u>	<u>16,843,128,971</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM (FOR) INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	8,065,000	-
Acquisition of fixed assets	(6,853,512,321)	(17,596,253,512)
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	<u>(6,845,447,321)</u>	<u>(17,596,253,512)</u>
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	132,224,654	(753,124,541)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	<u>573,530,181</u>	<u>1,326,654,722</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	<u>705,754,835</u>	<u>573,530,181</u>
Reconciliation of changes in net assets to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Increase in net assets	5,769,185,462	13,995,479,040
Adjustments to reconcile changes in net assets to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation of fixed assets	2,354,315,826	1,723,021,453
Gain on sale of fixed assets	(8,065,000)	-
Changes in working capital:		
Prepaid expense	(9,793,905)	(768,196)
Prepaid tax	(343,696)	(1,409,360)
Restricted funds	(10,000,000)	-
Receivable from PT Midtrans	-	47,490,779
Other payable - third party	(1,196,286,375)	1,196,286,375
Accrued expenses	77,710,945	(116,921,883)
Tax payable	948,718	(49,237)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	<u>6,977,671,975</u>	<u>16,843,128,971</u>

See accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements
which are an integral part of the financial statements.

YAYASAN PEDULI ANAK
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As Of December 31, 2025
And For The Year Then Ended
(Expressed in Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

1. GENERAL

Establishment and General Information

Yayasan Peduli Anak (the "Foundation") was established based on Notarial Deed No. 3 dated February 4, 2006 of Lalu Sribawa, S.H., notary in Mataram. The Deed of Establishment was approved by the Minister of Law and Human Rights of the Republic of Indonesia on his Decision Letter No. C-1339.HT.01.02.Th.2006 dated June 27, 2006. The Foundation's Articles of Association have been amended several times, most recently by Notarial Deed No. 08 of Fitri Susanti, S.H., dated August 7, 2024 concerning the changes in the Foundation's management. This amendment was accepted and recorded in the Legal Entity Administration System database by the Ministry of Law and Human Rights of the Republic of Indonesia on its Acceptance Notification Letter No. AHU-0019049.AH.01.12.TAHUN 2024 dated August 8, 2024.

Based on Article 2 of the Foundation's Articles of Association, the scope of the Foundation's activities comprises of social and humanitarian services, with the following objectives:

- alleviate street children's lives and provide adequate skills to these children;
- establish houses and schools for the nine-year compulsory education;
- teach general skills and general curriculum;
- establish clinics and find caregivers to maintain health; and
- help street children lead a decent life and find a decent job.

The Foundation is located at Jl. Dharma Bakti, Langko Village, Kec. Lingsar, West Lombok.

The Foundation started its social and humanitarian activities in 2006.

Boards of Governors and Executives, Supervisory and Employee

The composition of the Foundation's Boards of Governors and Executives, and Supervisory as of December 31, 2025 and 2024 is as follows:

Board of Governors

Founder	: Chaim Joel Fetter
Head of Governor	: Agus Mulyono
Governor	: Martina Natratilova

Board of Executives

Chairman	: Nurdiana
Secretary	: Layla Virginia
Treasurer	: Syarifah

Supervisory	: Ramdan Hadi
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As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Foundation had no permanent employee (unaudited).

Issuance of the Financial Statements

The financial statements have been authorized for issuance by the Foundation's Board of Executives, as the party who is responsible for the preparation and completion of the financial statements, on June 12, 2026.

YAYASAN PEDULI ANAK
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As Of December 31, 2025
And For The Year Then Ended
(Expressed in Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

Compliance with Financial Accounting Standards (SAK)

The Foundation's financial statements have been prepared and presented in accordance with Indonesian SAK which comprise of the Statements of Financial Accounting Standards (PSAK) and Interpretations of Financial Accounting Standards (ISAK) issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board of the Institute of Indonesia Chartered Accountants (DSAK IAI).

Basis of Preparation and Measurement of the Financial Statements

The financial statements of the Foundation have been prepared in accordance with ISAK 335, "Presentation of Financial Statements of Non-Profit Oriented Entity".

The measurement basis used is the historical cost, except for certain accounts which are measured on the bases described in the related accounting policies. The financial statements, except for the statement of cash flows, are prepared on accrual basis of accounting.

The statement of cash flows is prepared using direct method, which receipts and payments of cash and cash equivalents are classified into operating, investing and financing activities.

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those adopted in the preparation of the financial statements in respect of the previous period, except for the adoption of the amendments to PSAK effective January 1, 2025 as disclosed in this Note.

The functional currency of the Foundation and presentation currency used in the preparation of the financial statements is Rupiah.

It should be noted that accounting estimates and assumptions used in preparation of the financial statements, although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge and judgment of the current events and actions, actual events may ultimately differ from those estimates. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 3 to the financial statements.

Adoption of Amendments to PSAK

The Foundation applied amendments to PSAK that are mandatory for application from January 1, 2025. The application of the amendments to PSAK did not result in substantial changes to the Foundation's accounting policies and had no material effect on the amounts reported for the current or prior financial period:

- Amendments to PSAK 221, "The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates", on Lack of Exchangeability.

Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

YAYASAN PEDULI ANAK
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

Financial Instruments (continued)

Financial Assets

Recognition and Measurement

Financial assets are classified at initial recognition and subsequently measured at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) and fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL). The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Foundation's business model for managing them. The Foundation initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus transaction costs, in the case of a financial asset not at FVTPL.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortized cost or FVOCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest' (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level.

The Foundation's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace (regular way trades) are recognized on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Foundation commits to purchase or sell the asset.

The Foundation only had financial assets classified at amortized cost. The Foundation measures financial assets at amortized cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at amortized cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate (EIR) method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the asset is derecognized, modified or impaired.

The Foundation's financial assets at amortized cost include cash and cash equivalents and restricted funds.

Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognized (i.e., removed from the Foundation's statement of financial position) when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or,
- the Foundation has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement and either (a) the Foundation has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Foundation has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

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2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

Financial Instruments (continued)

Financial Assets (continued)

Derecognition (continued)

When the Foundation has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Foundation continues to recognize the transferred asset to the extent of its continuing involvement. In that case, the Foundation also recognized an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Foundation has retained. Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Foundation could be required to repay.

Financial Liabilities

Recognition and Measurement

Financial liabilities are recognized when the Foundation has a contractual obligation to transfer cash or other financial assets to other entities.

Financial liabilities, which are not measured at fair value through profit or loss, are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the liability.

After initial recognition, the Foundation measures its financial liability which consist of accrued expenses at amortized cost using effective interest method.

Derecognition

The Foundation's financial liabilities are derecognized, when and only when, the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or canceled or expired.

When a financial liability is exchanged with other financial liability from the same lender on substantially different terms, or if the requirements of the financial liability are substantially modified, then exchange or modification of those requirements is recorded as early derecognition of the financial liability and recognition of new financial liability which the difference between the carrying amount of each financial liability is recognized in profit or loss.

Offsetting Financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities can be offset and the net amount is presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, 1) the Foundation currently has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and 2) intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Estimation of Fair Value

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal market or, in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the Foundation has access at that date. The fair value of a liability reflects its non-performance risk.

When available, the Foundation measures the fair value of a financial instrument using the quoted price in an active market for that instrument. If there is no quoted price in an active market, then the Foundation uses valuation techniques that maximize the use of relevant observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

YAYASAN PEDULI ANAK
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

Impairment of Financial Assets

The Foundation recognizes allowance for expected credit loss (ECL) on financial assets at amortized cost. ECLs are probability-weighted estimates of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e., the difference between the cash flows due to the Foundation in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Foundation expects to receive), discounted at the effective interest rate of the financial asset, and reflects reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

The Foundation recognizes an allowance for impairment based on either 12-month or lifetime ECLs, depending on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECLs, the Foundation considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Foundation's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECLs, the Foundation considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Foundation's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information.

The Foundation considers a financial asset to be in default when a counterparty fails to pay its contractual obligations, or there is a breach of other contractual terms, such as covenants.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents represents cash on hand, cash in banks and time deposit with maturities of 3 (three) months or less at the time of placement, which are neither used as collateral nor restricted.

Restricted Funds

Funds which are pledged as collateral for credit card facilities are presented as restricted funds and stated at nominal value.

Fixed Assets

Fixed assets are initially recorded at cost. The cost of an asset comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. Subsequent to initial recognition, fixed assets, except for land, are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization, and any accumulated impairment losses. Land is carried at cost less any impairment in value.

Initial legal costs incurred to obtain legal rights are recognized as part of the acquisition cost of the land, and these costs are not depreciated. Costs related to renewal of land rights are recognized as deferred charges and amortized during the period of the land rights or the economic useful life of land, whichever is shorter.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Foundation and the cost of the item can be reliably measured. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized during the financial year in which they are incurred. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the statement of activities.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

Fixed Assets (continued)

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method based on the estimated useful lives of the assets with details as follows:

	<u>Years</u>
Land improvements	20
Buildings	20 - 30
Building improvements	10 - 20
Furniture and equipment	2 - 25
Vehicles	8

Construction in progress are properties in the course of construction for carrying out the Foundation's activities or administrative purposes, or for purposes not yet determined, which are carried at cost less any recognized impairment loss. These assets are not depreciated until such time that the relevant assets are completed and available for use.

The estimated useful lives, residual value, if any, depreciation and amortization method of fixed assets are reviewed at each financial year end with the effect of any changes in accounting estimates accounted for on a prospective basis.

An item of fixed assets is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising from derecognition of the asset, calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item, is recognized in the statement of activities in the year the item is derecognized.

Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

The Foundation assesses at each reporting period whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If such indication exists, the Foundation estimates the fair value less the costs to sell of the asset. If the estimated fair value is lower than its carrying amount, then the Foundation is required to reduce the carrying amount of the asset and recognize the decrease immediately as impairment loss in the statement of activities.

Income Tax

Tax is recognized as income or an expense and included in profit or loss for the period, except to the extent that the tax arises from a transaction or event which is recognized outside profit or loss. Tax that relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income is recognized in other comprehensive income and tax that relates to items recognized directly in equity is recognized in equity.

Current Tax

The current tax payable is based on taxable profit for the year. The liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period.

Management periodically evaluates the amount reported in the Annual Tax Return (SPT) in relation to the circumstances in which the applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and, if necessary, the management will calculate the amount of fees that may arise.

Net Assets Classification

The Foundation reports information regarding its financial position and activities according to 2 (two) net asset classifications: Without Restrictions and With Restrictions. Net assets without restrictions are not restricted by donors, or the donor's imposed restrictions have expired. The net assets with restrictions include all funds which have full purpose restrictions designated by the donor or grantor which cannot be changed by the management.

YAYASAN PEDULI ANAK
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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(Expressed in Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

Revenues and Expenses

Revenues are recognized when it is probable that economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Foundation and the amount of revenues can be reliably ascertained. Revenues are measured at fair value.

Expenses are recognized when incurred (accrual basis).

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

In the application of the Foundation's accounting policies, which are described in Note 2 to the financial statements, management is required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily available from other sources. The estimates and assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant.

Management believes that the following represent a summary of the significant judgments, estimates and assumptions made that affected certain reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

Judgments

The following judgment was made by management in the process of applying the Foundation's accounting policies which have the most significant effects on the amounts recognized in the financial statements:

Classification of Financial Assets and Liabilities

The Foundation determines the classifications of certain assets and liabilities as financial assets and liabilities by judging if they meet the definition. Accordingly, the financial assets and liabilities are accounted for in accordance with the Foundation's accounting policies disclosed in Note 2 to the financial statements.

Estimates and Assumptions

The key assumptions related to the future and the key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date that have a significant risk of material adjustments to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities within the next year end are disclosed below. The Foundation's assumptions and estimates are based on reference available at the time the financial statements are prepared. Current condition and assumptions regarding future developments may change due to market changes or circumstances beyond the control of the Foundation. These changes are reflected in the related assumptions when they occur.

Depreciation of Fixed Assets

Fixed assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. Management estimates the useful lives of these fixed assets to be within 2 to 30 years, which are common life expectancies applied in the industry where the Foundation conducts its activities. Changes in the expected level of usage and technological development could impact the economic useful lives and the residual values of these assets, and therefore future depreciation charges could be revised.

Income Tax

The Foundation as a taxpayer calculates its tax obligation by self-assessment based on current tax regulations. The calculation is considered correct to the extent that there is no tax assessment letter from the Directorate General of Taxes for the tax reported amount or within 5 (five) years (maximum elapse tax period) there is no tax assessment letter issued. The difference in the income tax liabilities might arise from tax audit, new tax evidences and different interpretation on certain tax regulations between management and the tax officer.

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4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

This account consists of:

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Cash on hand	49,054,000	47,948,293
Cash in banks		
PT Bank Central Asia Tbk	324,341,123	200,580,460
PT Bank Negara Indonesia (Persero) Tbk	16,548,095	8,825,928
PT Bank Tabungan Negara (Persero) Tbk	689,094	929,093
PT Bank Pembangunan Daerah Nusa Tenggara Barat Syariah	124,523	246,407
Sub-total	341,700,835	210,581,888
Time deposit		
PT Bank Negara Indonesia (Persero) Tbk	315,000,000	315,000,000
Total	705,754,835	573,530,181

As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, time deposit has interest rates of 2.5% per annum. For the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, the total interest income earned amounted to Rp6,299,988 and Rp6,317,232, respectively.

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5. FIXED ASSETS

The details and movements of fixed assets are as follows:

	2025						
	Acquisition Costs			Accumulated Depreciation		Accumulated Impairment Loss	Net Book Value
	Gross Book Value January 1, 2025	Acquisitions	Reclassification	Deduction	Depreciation	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2025
Land	4,057,853,208	-	-	-	-	-	4,057,853,208
Land improvements	617,805,501	-	237,507,505	-	36,610,162	217,152,830	638,158,676
Drainage channel	401,029,031	-	-	-	13,397,634	254,555,050	147,371,981
Fence	591,350,258	-	105,633,294	-	32,311,594	194,136,845	582,756,907
Electrical services	101,359,060	-	-	-	7,569,953	41,205,989	110,193,401
Landscapes	22,730,000	-	-	-	1,136,500	3,504,206	19,225,792
Irrigation canal	42,453,250	-	-	-	2,122,863	13,689,099	28,764,151
Party wall	1,326,814,977	-	849,262,595	-	77,450,531	390,359,939	1,705,677,633
Road	46,029,259	-	-	-	2,301,463	13,425,200	32,604,059
River channel	55,201,170	-	-	-	4,825,555	17,794,932	37,406,238
Water tower	416,380,216	-	343,489,501	-	25,631,363	136,310,860	620,559,157
Irrigation	319,032,547	-	-	-	15,951,827	91,116,649	227,925,698
Water services	1,101,681,218	-	-	-	72,430,468	319,268,800	782,612,418
Playground	226,159,417	-	-	-	11,307,971	64,795,553	161,373,864
Futsal	101,133,300	-	-	-	5,696,865	30,329,860	70,793,310
Swimming pool	103,061,600	-	-	-	5,154,890	31,246,017	71,835,713
Fish pond	1,561,221,000	-	44,035,819	-	70,612,099	289,387,286	1,315,901,512
Garden	105,754,000	-	-	-	5,287,700	33,468,746	72,285,254
Boundary wall	133,364,000	-	-	-	6,868,200	42,231,833	91,132,067
Retaining wall	15,669,491	-	-	-	984,470	4,736,294	14,931,197
Step wall	382,840,000	-	-	-	17,267,000	17,267,000	365,573,000
Well	2,042,766,065	-	-	-	421,685,470	2,209,026,832	7,167,074,159
Landfill	7,251,331,896	-	-	-	1,787,341,362	2,209,026,832	7,167,074,159
Sub-total	7,251,331,896	-	-	-	1,787,341,362	2,209,026,832	7,167,074,159

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5. FIXED ASSETS (continued)

	2025 (continued)					Net Book Value December 31, 2025
	Acquisition Costs		Accumulated Depreciation		Accumulated Impairment Loss	
	Gross Book Value January 1, 2025	Acquisitions	Reclassification	Deduction	December 31, 2025	
Buildings						
Kitchen and warehouses	190,776,538	-	801,763,857	-	40,213,701	751,741,809
Mosque	495,512,342	-	561,739,110	-	168,012,228	1,240,834,055
Office	1,535,935,882	-	1,810,606,082	-	473,072,721	2,863,469,243
Primary school	1,515,084,389	-	-	-	576,853,054	829,418,418
Middle school	1,770,002,238	-	5,875,238,710	-	587,492,945	8,357,748,003
Power house and garage	125,160,000	-	-	-	-	-
Auto renovation	88,382,700	-	-	-	37,548,000	67,612,000
Security post	174,052,710	-	61,256,585	-	19,707,814	68,674,888
Camlien	143,670,102	-	-	-	53,171,999	182,627,286
Pet's cage	48,580,150	-	-	-	45,490,532	96,174,370
Educational rooms	837,013,316	-	-	-	12,873,302	35,814,798
Sanitary	337,992,040	-	-	-	327,606,730	609,404,568
Children homes	6,756,810,035	-	-	-	113,888,198	224,128,344
Roofing	-	-	9,560,822,448	-	3,161,137,109	16,151,305,275
Sport Center	-	-	1,397,076,825	-	17,463,456	1,379,613,167
Water storage	-	-	1,736,049,693	-	21,700,821	1,714,348,872
Sub-total	18,960,134,842	-	31,512,455,804	-	1,407,834	111,226,758
Building improvements					381,024,033	32,452,936,270
Toilet	59,502,852	-	-	-	34,437,204	194,096,032
Kitchen renovation	-	88,516,000	78,512,180	-	2,935,158	-
Contactor	-	-	-	-	-	-
renovation	30,341,500	-	-	-	16,804,838	13,356,662
Incinerator	45,824,875	-	-	-	13,174,853	32,650,222
Insulation in mosque	5,887,000	-	-	-	3,286,908	2,600,092
Parking lot	22,845,000	-	-	-	12,945,500	9,899,500
Parking lot for bicycle	7,730,700	-	-	-	4,261,805	3,478,815
Sub-total	172,131,927	88,516,000	78,512,180	-	35,105,648	226,040,323
Furniture and equipment					-	-
vehicles	5,429,408,898	2,393,189,064	88,337,879	23,125,000	3,985,054,868	3,913,726,775
Construction in progress	838,873,344	-	-	-	558,612,904	190,260,440
Total	19,301,238,711	4,371,855,357	173,733,074,968	-	406,180,681	49,017,743,364
	54,182,804,704	6,833,512,371	23,125,000	23,125,000	12,589,238,982	

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5. FIXED ASSETS (continued)

	2024				Accumulated Impairment Loss December 31, 2024	Net Book Value December 31, 2024
	Acquisition Costs		Accumulated Depreciation			
	Gross Book Value January 1, 2024	Acquisitions December 31, 2024	January 1, 2024	Depreciation December 31, 2024		
Land	4,057,683,288	-	-	-	-	4,057,683,288
Land improvements						
Draining channel	617,805,901	-	150,254,353	30,890,295	181,144,648	436,661,253
Fence	401,929,031	-	227,759,782	13,397,634	241,157,416	160,771,615
Electrical services	591,260,268	-	132,694,599	28,128,452	161,823,051	429,437,217
Landscapes	151,399,060	-	26,065,663	7,569,953	33,635,616	117,763,444
Irrigation canal	22,730,000	-	1,231,208	1,136,500	2,367,708	20,362,292
Party wall	42,453,250	-	9,443,773	2,122,663	11,566,436	30,866,814
Road	1,336,814,977	-	248,102,659	66,840,749	312,943,408	1,023,871,569
River channel	46,029,250	-	8,822,274	2,301,463	11,123,737	34,905,513
Water tower irrigation	55,201,170	-	8,114,822	4,825,055	12,939,877	42,261,293
Water services	416,380,216	-	92,660,466	20,819,011	113,479,477	302,900,739
Playground	319,032,547	-	59,223,595	15,951,627	75,175,222	243,857,325
Futsal	886,303,716	115,577,500	184,038,886	62,799,228	246,838,114	855,043,104
Swimming pool	226,159,417	-	42,169,611	11,307,971	53,477,582	172,681,835
Fish pond	101,133,300	-	20,226,660	5,056,665	25,283,325	75,849,975
Garden	103,081,800	-	20,937,837	5,154,080	26,091,927	76,989,873
Boundary wall	1,561,233,000	-	132,693,550	78,061,650	210,765,200	1,350,477,800
Retaining wall	105,754,000	-	22,913,366	5,287,700	28,201,066	77,552,934
Step wall	133,364,000	-	28,895,533	6,668,200	35,563,733	97,800,267
Well	19,689,491	-	2,789,344	984,475	3,773,819	15,915,672
Sub-total	7,237,754,396	115,577,500	1,417,037,081	370,303,381	1,787,341,362	5,566,990,534

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5. FIXED ASSETS (continued)

	2024 (continued)					Net Book Value December 31, 2024
	Acquisition Costs		Accumulated Depreciation		Accumulated Impairment Loss December 31, 2024	
	Gross Book Value January 1, 2024	Acquisitions December 31, 2024	Gross Book Value December 31, 2024	January 1, 2024		
Buildings						
Kitchen and warehouse	100,778,538	-	100,778,538	30,191,553	-	39,191,553
Mosque	455,512,342	-	455,512,342	105,540,555	21,224,842	176,765,397
Office	1,525,935,882	-	1,525,935,882	297,565,307	76,296,794	373,862,101
Primary school	1,515,084,389	-	1,515,084,389	483,345,232	45,754,381	530,089,593
Middle school	1,770,002,238	-	1,770,002,238	347,052,261	88,500,113	435,552,374
Power house and garage	125,160,000	-	125,160,000	25,032,000	6,258,000	31,290,000
Aula renovation	88,382,700	-	88,382,700	10,769,544	4,469,135	15,238,679
Security post	138,015,210	-	138,015,210	29,579,771	8,704,635	38,284,406
Canteen	143,670,102	36,077,500	179,747,602	31,128,522	7,183,505	38,312,027
Pet's cage	48,690,150	-	48,690,150	8,006,375	2,434,508	10,440,884
Extracurricular rooms	937,013,316	-	937,013,316	233,907,397	46,850,687	280,768,064
Sanitary	337,992,540	-	337,992,540	80,006,942	16,899,627	96,906,569
Children homes	9,756,819,935	-	9,756,819,935	2,033,845,899	487,840,997	2,521,686,896
Sub-total	18,944,057,342	36,077,500	19,000,134,842	3,725,031,258	813,417,185	4,538,448,443
Building improvements						
Toilet	59,602,852	-	59,602,852	34,437,204	-	34,437,204
Container renovation	30,241,500	-	30,241,500	10,836,538	3,024,150	13,860,688
Incinerator	45,824,875	-	45,824,875	6,592,165	2,291,244	10,883,409
Inscription in mosque	5,887,000	-	5,887,000	2,109,508	588,700	2,698,208
Parking lot	22,845,000	-	22,845,000	8,376,500	2,284,500	10,661,000
Parking lot for bicycle	7,730,700	-	7,730,700	2,705,745	773,070	3,478,815
Sub-total	172,131,927	-	172,131,927	67,057,660	8,961,664	76,019,324
Furniture and equipment	4,973,538,746	455,870,952	5,429,409,698	2,842,912,084	447,525,682	3,290,438,786
Vehicles	838,873,344	-	838,873,344	492,997,720	82,812,541	575,800,261
Construction in progress	2,372,512,151	16,988,727,550	19,361,239,711	-	-	-
Total	36,596,551,194	17,596,253,512	54,192,804,706	8,545,026,703	1,723,021,453	10,268,048,156

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5. FIXED ASSETS (continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, depreciation expense charged to general and administrative expenses amounted to Rp2,354,315,826 and Rp1,723,021,453, respectively (see Note 10).

The decrease in fixed assets represents the disposal of fixed assets, with details as follows:

	2025	2024
Proceeds from sale	8,065,000	-
Net book value	-	-
Gain on sale	8,065,000	-

Construction in progress is related to the construction of Foundation in Sumbawa, West Nusa Tenggara. The overall physical progress has reached 100% of the total project value, and the construction was completed in 2025.

As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, land, buildings, furniture and equipment were insured against losses due to earthquake, fire, theft and other risks by PT Asuransi Allianz Indonesia and vehicles were insured by PT Asuransi Umum Mega and PT Asuransi Jasa Indonesia with a total coverage of Rp96,679,830,100 and Rp58,337,330,000, respectively.

Management believes that the insurance coverage is adequate to cover all possible losses.

Based on the assessment of the Foundation's management, there are no events or changes in circumstances which may indicate impairment in value of fixed assets as of December 31, 2025 and 2024.

6. RESTRICTED FUNDS

As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, this account represents the Foundation's balance at PT Bank Central Asia Tbk which is restricted because it is used as collateral for credit card facilities amounted to Rp110,000,000 and Rp100,000,000, respectively.

7. ACCRUED EXPENSES

This account consists of:

	2025	2024
Credit card	162,831,771	88,291,775
Professional fee	55,000,000	50,000,000
Others	-	1,829,051
Total	217,831,771	140,120,826

8. TAXATION

a. Prepaid Tax

As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, this account represents income tax Article 21 amounted to Rp1,753,056 and Rp1,409,360, respectively.

b. Tax Payable

As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, this account represents income tax Article 23 amounted to Rp960,648 and Rp11,930, respectively.

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8. TAXATION (continued)

c. Corporate Income Tax

Reconciliation between increase in net assets before income tax based on the statement of activities and the estimated taxable income for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024 is as follows:

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Increase in net assets per statement of activities	5,769,185,462	13,995,479,040
Permanent difference: Income already subjected to final tax and non-tax object	<u>(5,769,185,462)</u>	<u>(13,995,479,040)</u>
Estimated taxable income	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

9. CONTRIBUTIONS AND DONATIONS

The details of this account are as follows:

	<u>2025</u>		
	<u>Without Restrictions</u>	<u>With Restrictions</u>	<u>Total</u>
Individual contributions	3,702,446,443	6,801,390,917	10,503,837,360
Corporate contributions	675,743,525	7,656,942,836	8,332,686,361
Government subsidies	16,850,000	146,500,000	163,350,000
Total	<u>4,395,039,968</u>	<u>14,604,833,753</u>	<u>18,999,873,721</u>

	<u>2024</u>		
	<u>Without Restrictions</u>	<u>With Restrictions</u>	<u>Total</u>
Individual contributions	334,895,186	18,046,641,316	18,381,536,502
Corporate contributions	4,097,420,648	4,409,148,001	8,506,568,649
Government subsidies	26,600,000	183,080,000	209,680,000
Total	<u>4,458,915,834</u>	<u>22,638,869,317</u>	<u>27,097,785,151</u>

Contributions and donations with restrictions pertain to:

- a) Contributions that are restricted for the education and additional care that are directed by the donor for certain children which can only be spent for that purpose.
- b) Government subsidies restricted for educational activities only.
- c) Contributions that are restricted for expenses related to the objectives of each fundraising programs created by the Foundation.

Contributions and donations without restrictions mainly pertain to general donations without restrictions and no limitation for its use.

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9. CONTRIBUTIONS AND DONATIONS (continued)

The details of cash contributions and donations are as follows:

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Cash receipts from contributions and donations	18,999,873,721	27,145,275,930
Change in receivable from: PT Midtrans	-	(47,490,779)
Total	<u>18,999,873,721</u>	<u>27,097,785,151</u>

10. EXPENSES

The details of this account are as follows:

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
<u>Program expenses</u>		
Without restrictions		
Fundraising costs	282,633,619	199,759,463
Gift and celebration	72,284,813	9,728,243
Office supplies	7,660,389	9,839,727
Charity	5,815,800	14,717,335
Office contents	5,322,030	3,413,318
Security contents	-	4,229,908
Marketing	-	3,852,050
Others	91,703,333	195,805,800
Sub-total	<u>465,419,984</u>	<u>441,345,844</u>
With restrictions		
Fundraising costs	4,349,627,180	4,349,522,886
Food and water	947,682,945	938,357,306
General	242,424,312	216,262,610
Education external	202,553,891	209,512,608
Education internal	147,123,610	151,400,697
Internal education contents	140,244,174	188,982,600
Pocket money	120,496,000	112,702,000
Social work operations	63,269,466	30,866,084
Uniform and footwears	51,607,773	179,619,860
Clinic	43,528,423	71,978,413
Children homes contents	21,692,547	17,680,068
Extracurricular activities	18,380,166	62,150,143
Children savings	18,000,000	13,600,000
Recreational	16,137,010	18,303,757
Gardening	15,157,600	9,134,500
Kitchen contents	13,225,702	5,902,500
Personnel	9,000,000	10,400,000
Gift and celebration	5,112,545	37,868,796
Sub-total	<u>6,425,263,344</u>	<u>6,624,244,828</u>
Total program expenses	<u>6,890,683,328</u>	<u>7,065,590,672</u>

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10. EXPENSES (continued)

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
<u>General and administrative expenses</u>		
Without restrictions		
Insurance	94,144,788	68,071,527
Transportation	76,766,205	77,629,280
Professional fees	60,443,630	65,786,950
External program	25,606,792	47,613,557
Office	2,651,411	5,635,099
Others	6,186,536	9,440,771
Sub-total	<u>265,799,382</u>	<u>274,177,184</u>
With restrictions		
Personnel	3,378,572,056	3,833,883,651
Depreciation of fixed assets (Note 5)	2,354,315,826	1,723,021,453
Maintenance and repairs	280,226,231	131,188,543
Cleaning supplies	35,779,245	39,525,907
Toiletries	22,419,248	34,994,398
Sub-total	<u>6,071,312,606</u>	<u>5,762,613,952</u>
Total general and administrative expenses	<u>6,337,111,968</u>	<u>6,036,791,136</u>
<u>Others</u>		
Without restrictions		
Interest expense	<u>17,397,422</u>	<u>6,519,157</u>
Total	<u>13,245,192,718</u>	<u>13,108,900,965</u>

The total expenses without restrictions and with restrictions presented in statement of activities are as follows:

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
With restrictions expenses	12,496,575,950	12,386,858,780
Without restrictions expenses	748,616,768	722,042,185
Total	<u>13,245,192,718</u>	<u>13,108,900,965</u>

For the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, restrictions expenses relate to:

- a. Government subsidies used for children's education.
- b. Education and additional care that are directed by the donor for certain children.
- c. Expenses related to the objectives of each fundraising programs created by the Foundation.

11. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the carrying amounts of financial assets and liabilities approximate their fair values, as follows:

- Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are due within 12 months, thus the carrying amounts of the financial assets approximate its fair values.

- Restricted funds

Restricted funds are recorded at cost as the fair values cannot be determined reliably.

- Other payable - third party and accrued expenses

All of the above financial liabilities are due within 12 months, thus the carrying amount of the financial liabilities approximate their fair value.

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12. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Foundation's activities are exposed to credit risk and liquidity risk arising in the normal course of business. The management continually monitors the Foundation's risk management process to ensure the appropriate balance between risk and control are achieved. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Foundation's activities.

a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument and leading to a financial loss. The Foundation's objective is to minimize losses incurred due from increased exposure to credit risk.

Credit risk arises from cash in banks, cash equivalents and restricted funds.

No credit limits exceeded during the reporting period, and management does not expect any losses due to non-collectibility of receivables.

Cash in banks and cash equivalents are placed with reputable financial institutions.

b. Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Foundation will encounter difficulty in meeting financial obligations due to shortage of funds. The Foundation's exposure to liquidity risk arises primarily from mismatch of the maturities of financial assets and liabilities.

The Foundation's financial liabilities based on undiscounted contractual payments have a maturity profile of less than one year.

13. ISSUANCE OF NEW, AMENDMENTS AND IMPROVEMENTS TO THE STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

DSAK (AI) has issued the following new, amendments and improvements to the Statements of Financial Accounting Standards which will be applicable to the financial statements for annual periods beginning on or after:

January 1, 2026

- Amendments to PSAK 109, "Financial Instruments", and PSAK 107, "Financial Instruments: Disclosures", on Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments;
- PSAK 107 (Annual Improvements 2024), "Financial Instruments: Disclosures";
- PSAK 109 (Annual Improvements 2024), "Financial Instruments";
- PSAK 110 (Annual Improvements 2024), "Consolidated Financial Statements"; and
- PSAK 207 (Annual Improvements 2024), "Statement of Cash Flows".

January 1, 2027

- PSAK 118, "Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements";
- PSAK 119, "Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures"; and
- Amendments to PSAK 119, "Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures".

The Foundation is still evaluating the effects of these new, amendments and improvements to the Statements of Financial Accounting Standards and has not yet determined the related effects on the financial statements.

